

Luyuan Xie

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Profile

Luyuan Xie is a third-year Ph.D. candidate of Software & Microelectronics Department, [Peking University](#) Beijing, China, advised by [Prof. Zhonghai Wu](#). He received his B.S. degree in [Northeastern University](#), Shenyang Liaoning, China in 2016, and his M.Eng. degree in Biomedical Medicine Engineering at [Tsinghua University](#), Beijing, China in 2019. Currently, as the first author, he has published multiple papers at ICML, MICCAI, and ICASSP conferences. His research interest lies in Healthcare and Federated Learning.

Education

- 2022-pres.** **Peking University**, Beijing, China
Ph.D. candidate (3rd-year), Software Engineering.
Research topic: Federated Learning and medical data analysis.
- 2016-2019** **Tsinghua University**, Beijing, China
M.Eng., Biomedical Medicine Engineering.
Research topic: Medical Data Analysis.
- 2013-2016** **Northeastern University**, Shenyang, China
B.S., Biomedical Medicine Engineering .

Experiences

- Aug. 2019 -** **HUAWEI Technology Co. Ltd.**, Beijing, China
Nov. 2020 *Voice Algorithm Engineer.*
Speech enhancement.
- Dec. 2020 -** **Lenovo Group Ltd.**, Beijing, China
May. 2022 *Speech Algorithm Lead Researcher.*
Speech enhancement, target speaker separation.

Selected Works

- **Personalized Federated Learning via Injection and Distillation.**
 - A federated learning framework that tackles client drift issues for medical image analysis applications.
 - We can deal with the most commonly occurring scenarios in medical federated learning, in which system and data heterogeneous happens at the same time.
 - We verify our experiments on different medical tasks, including image segmentation/classification and temporal signal classification.
 - The work is published in ICML'2024.

■ **Super-resolution And Classification Network.**

- Integrating Super-Resolution (SR) and Classification (CF) to tackle the problem of LR breast cancer histopathological image reconstruction and diagnosis.
- MFEblock adopts multi-scale receptive fields to obtain multi-scale features. A new fusion method named multi-scale selective fusion (MSF) is used to fuse multi-scale features better.
- We combine the multi-scale receptive fields (SKNet) with the feature pyramid network (FPN) to achieve the feature extraction of this module.
- The work has been published by MICCAI'23.

■ **Model heterogeneous personalized via global bypass.**

- This approach leverages a global bypass mechanism that obviates the need for public medical datasets, thereby reducing the additional burdens associated with local training.
- We integrate a feature fusion module to more effectively combine features from the local model and the global bypass.
- We demonstrate the efficacy and versatility of our MH-pFLGB through rigorous testing on a variety of medical tasks.
- The work has been published by MICCAI'24.

■ **Human body part reconstruction.**

- A framework that independently reconstructs the mesh of each body part.
- Input: monocular image with only a few body parts visible.
- Part connection module when multiple parts are visible in one image.
- The work has been accepted by ECCV'2024.

■ **Personalized federated segmentation via feature enhancement.**

- pFLFE tackles client drift problems in medical image segmentation FL with a feature enhancement network using only positive samples, which eliminates the requirements of negative samples or features from other clients.
- We design an alternative fast-converging framework that can reach comparable performance in a few communication rounds, which is useful when communication resources are limited.
- Our experiments on 3 segmentation tasks involving in total of 17 datasets show that pFLFE outperforms state-of-the-art results and achieves comparable performance with centralized learning, with high training stability and faster convergence.
- The work has been published by MICCAI'24.

Selected Publications (Click [here](#) for full list)

- [1]. **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "dFLMoE: Decentralized Federated Learning via Mixture of Experts for Medical Data Analysis." *IEEE / CVF Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition Conference (CVPR)*, 2025. [[Paper](#)]
- [2]. **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "MH-pFLID: Model Heterogeneous personalized Federated Learning via Injection and Distillation for Medical Data Analysis." *International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML)*, 2024. [[Paper](#)][[Code](#)]
- [3]. **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "Shisrcnet: Super-resolution and classification network for low-resolution breast cancer histopathology image." *Medical Image Computing and Computer Assisted Intervention (MICCAI)*, 2023. [[Paper](#)] [[Code](#)]
- [4]. Tianyu Luan, Zhongpai Gao, **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "Divide and Fuse: Body Part Mesh Recovery from Partially Visible Human Images." *Accpeted by ECCV*. 2024. [[Paper](#)]
- [5]. **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "Mh-pflgb: Model heterogeneous personalized federated learning via global bypass for medical image analysis." *Medical Image Computing and Computer Assisted Intervention (MICCAI)*. 2024. [[Paper](#)]

- [6]. **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "pflfe: Cross-silo personalized federated learning via feature enhancement on medical image segmentation." *Medical Image Computing and Computer Assisted Intervention (MICCAI)*. 2024. [[Paper](#)]
- [7]. **Luyuan Xie, et al.** "TRLS: A Time Series Representation Learning Framework via Spectrogram for Medical Signal Processing." *IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing (ICASSP)*. 2024. [[Paper](#)]

Services

- Conference Review: ICCV2025, CVPR'25, MICCAI'23'24, ICASSP'23'24'25.